

## HOP is not a program...

...it is an operating philosophy.

To adopt the philosophy, HOP principles need to become commonly held values...

...the tools emerge from the new organizational beliefs

(not the other way around)

"Firms picked up the visible tools, but they had not understood what the tools were for...it is not enough to imitate the distinctive techniques of these front-running leaders, to mistake the means for the ends."

(Steven Spear, The High-Velocity Edge)

### Learning Teams

A Learning Team is an operational learning tool that brings those that are closest to the work together to describe how work is actually being accomplished in the field.

The goal of a learning team is to reveal the complexity of the system to leadership while simultaneously empowering those closest to the work to take what actions they can locally.

The resulting operational intelligence creates more accurate understandings of system weaknesses and informs better system design.

"What we have is a data input problem..."

Conklin

### Is it a trade off?

Learning is a deliberate strategy...

...but, it is **not in competition with operational** resources or strategy.

Your resources are already in place...

...we are only making adjustments to which lens (which biases) is influencing how we gather operational intelligence information.

## We need to shift the focus of our learning from the conditions we strive tirelessly to control (but can't) to the elements of our system we can control and manage.

A learning strategy shifts us away from the incorrect belief that we can "cure" the human condition (the inevitability of error, the influence of context, the drift toward efficiency)

Departure from this flawed thinking relieves us from a subset of pervasive operational inefficiencies we have all been laboring under and refocuses that energy on sustainable change....

#### Easy insertion points:

- Investigations
- Kaizen events
- Strategy sessions
- NPI
- Inspections
- Pre-investment meetings
- High risk operations

(Baker)

# Learning Teams and employee engagement

Learning teams create a snowball effect of employee engagement.

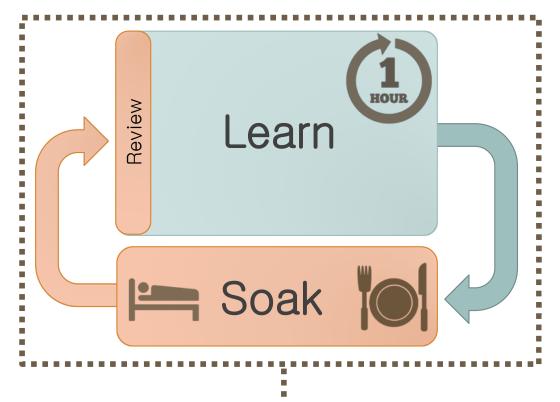
Operational Learning:

- Catalyzes a cultural movement that elevates the value of the worker by demonstrating that leadership 1) recognizes the complexity of the work their employees are undertaking 2) understands that employees create success in spite of that complexity and 3) appreciates the inevitability of error and mistakes.
- Is a deliberate demonstration that leadership is humbly seeking to understand how normal work is performed
- Signals a **system centric** (rather than person centric) response to failure, which allows for more **open communication**. This is especially effective when learning teams are used in scenarios that may have previously been met with a "knee jerk" reaction.
- Increases employee engagement in the identification of system weaknesses and improvement options
- Teaches leaders at all levels how to ask better questions

#### Leader's Role

#### Prepare

Help free up the resources



Set the tone: give permission to speak freely Anticipate complexity and "bad news"

Protect soak time

Support additional learning sessions as needed

Define & Improve

"Combat breath"

Let the team try-storm

Remove roadblocks

Remember there is real value in the

information alone

Tell the story
Pass on operational intelligence
Use it to inform decisions

Communicate & Take Action